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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/744,007	12/24/2003	Tetsuo Nagano	P24350	9418
7055	7590 03/22/2006		EXAMINER	
GREENBLUM & BERNSTEIN, P.L.C. 1950 ROLAND CLARKE PLACE			CROSS, LATOYA I	
RESTON, V			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1743	

DATE MAILED: 03/22/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

)		
	Application No.	Applicant(s)		,		
Office Action Commence	10/744,007	NAGANO ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	LaToya C. Younger	1743				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the d	orrespondence add	dress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this co ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 D	ecember 2003.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 9-14 is/are pending in the application	•					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>9-14</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Application Papers	·			•		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	epted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 CF	R 1.121(d).			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	kaminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PT	O-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	,					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
1. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received in Applicati	on No				
Copies of the certified copies of the prio	rity documents have been receive	ed in this National \$	Stage			
application from the International Bureau	u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.				
Attachment(s)	Г					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
B) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>3/24/04</u> .			-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 9-14 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-8 of U.S. Patent No. 6,756,231 in view of US patent 6,201,134 to Nagano et al. The compounds of the instant invention are essentially structural isomers of those already patented in the '134 patent. The compounds differ only in the presence of a lactone group instead of the – COO- group found in the '134 patent. Nagano et al teach that that rhodamine derivatives may form a lactone ring and exist as compounds in a free form (col. 9, lines 38-40). Therefore, the compounds of the instant invention are obvious variants of those claimed in the '134 patent.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

4. Claims 9-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by WO 99/01447 to Nagano et al, having a publication date of January 14, 1999 (US equivalent, 6,201,134 used as a translated version of the WO publication).

Nagano et al teach diamino-rhodamine derivatives having the structural formula (I)' shown in column 10 of the reference:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 & R^2 \\
\hline
R^5 & R^9 & R^3 \\
\hline
R^6 & R^4
\end{array}$$

In the formula, R1 and R2 represent amino groups present at adjacent positions. R7, R8, R9 and R10 represent a hydrogen atom, the same as present in the instantly claimed compound. R3, R4, R5 and R6 represent a C1-C6 alkyl group as recited in claim 10. With respect to claim 11, Nagano et al teach that the compounds are useful as reagents for nitric oxide detection (see abstract).

Nagano et al further teach compounds having the structural formulas (II)' also shown in column 10 of the reference:

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In the formula, R21 and R22 represent amino groups present at adjacent positions that bind to each other to form a group represented as –N=N-NR- that forms a ring (col. 10, lines 41-48). R27, R28, R29 and R30 represent a hydrogen atom, the same as present in the instantly claimed compound. R23, R24, R25 and R26 represent a C1-C6 alkyl group as recited in claim 13. With respect to claim 14, Nagano et al teach that nitric oxide measurement takes place by allowing the compound of formula (I)' to react with nitric oxide to form a compound of formula (II)', followed by measuring the fluorescence of the compound of formula (II)'. See col. 10, line 66 – col. 11, line 5.

Therefore, for the reasons set forth above, Applicants' claimed invention is deemed to be anticipated within the meaning of 35 USC 102(b) in view of the teachings of Nagano et al.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to LaToya C. Younger whose telephone number is 571-272-1256.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 10:30 a.m. - 7:00 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jill A. Warden can be reached on 571-272-1267. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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